
Financial statements of
Central West Local Health
Integration Network

March 31, 2020

Independent Auditor's Report	1-2
Statement of financial position	3
Statement of operations and changes in net assets	4
Statement of cash flows	5
Notes to the financial statements	6-13

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors of
Central West Local Health Integration Network

Audit Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Central West Local Health Integration Network (the "LHIN"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2020 and the statements of operations and changes in net assets, and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained in our audit is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the LHIN as at March 31, 2020, and the results of its operations, changes in net assets, and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards ("Canadian GAAS"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the LHIN in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the LHIN's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the LHIN or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the LHIN's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian GAAS, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the LHIN's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the LHIN's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the LHIN to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Deloitte LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants
Licensed Public Accountants
June 24, 2020

Central West Local Health Integration Network

Statement of financial position

As at March 31, 2020

	Notes	2020 \$	2019 \$
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash		15,326,662	13,525,134
Due from Ministry of Health ("MOH")		1,780,511	2,843,244
Accounts receivable		846,573	1,382,961
Prepaid expenses		674,381	490,927
		18,628,127	18,242,266
Capital assets	6	510,140	784,490
		19,138,267	19,026,756
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		12,458,938	15,140,393
Due to Health Service Providers ("HSPs")	13	1,780,511	81,331
Due to other LHINs		—	228,802
Due to MOH	3	4,301,985	2,679,738
Deferred operating contributions	7	86,693	112,002
		18,628,127	18,242,266
Deferred capital contributions	8	510,140	784,490
		19,138,267	19,026,756
Commitments and contingencies	9 & 10		
Net assets		19,138,267	19,026,756

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Approved by the Board



William Hatanaka, Board Chair



Garry Foster, Audit Committee Chair

Central West Local Health Integration Network
Statement of operations and changes in net assets
Year ended March 31, 2020

	Notes	2020 \$	2019 \$
Revenue			
MOH funding – transfer payments	13	918,348,766	872,195,398
MOH funding – operations and initiatives		156,622,884	157,898,752
Cancer Care Ontario	5	608,757	417,208
Amortization of deferred capital contributions		285,472	273,338
Other revenue		516,756	795,619
		158,033,869	159,384,917
Total revenue		1,076,382,635	1,031,580,315
Expenses			
HSP transfer payments	13	918,348,766	872,195,398
Operations and Initiatives			
Contracted out			
In-home/clinic services		102,700,838	100,907,693
School services		2,951,824	5,560,480
Hospice services		1,150,612	1,150,612
Salaries and benefits		38,769,994	37,331,179
Medical supplies		6,614,310	6,715,824
Medical equipment rental		1,474,997	1,692,909
Supplies and sundry		2,319,009	3,808,544
Building and ground		1,649,446	1,723,575
Amortization		285,472	273,338
Repairs and maintenance		117,367	220,763
		158,033,869	159,384,917
Total expenses		1,076,382,635	1,031,580,315
Excess of revenue over expenses		—	—
Net assets, beginning of year		—	—
Net assets, end of year		—	—

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Central West Local Health Integration Network

Statement of cash flows

Year ended March 31, 2020

	Notes	2020 \$	2019 \$
Operating activities			
Excess of revenue over expenses			—
Less amounts not affecting cash			
Amortization of capital assets		285,472	273,338
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	8	(285,472)	(273,338)
		—	—
Changes in non-cash working capital items	11	1,801,528	(481,662)
		1,801,528	(481,662)
Investing activities			
Purchase of capital assets		(30,398)	(246,873)
Disposal of capital assets		19,276	—
		(11,122)	(246,873)
Financing activities			
Increase in deferred capital contributions		30,398	246,873
Disposal of deferred capital contributions	8	(19,276)	—
		11,122	246,873
Net change in cash		1,801,528	(481,662)
Cash, beginning of year		13,525,134	14,006,796
Cash, end of year		15,326,662	13,525,134

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Central West Local Health Integration Network

Notes to the financial statements

March 31, 2020

1. Description of business

The Central West Local Health Integration Network was incorporated by Letters Patent on June 2, 2005 as a corporation without share capital. Following Royal Assent to Bill 36 on March 28, 2006, it was continued under the Local Health System Integration Act, 2006 (the "Act") as the Central West Local Health Integration Network (the "LHIN") and its Letters Patent were extinguished. As an agent of the Crown, the LHIN is not subject to income taxation.

The LHIN is, and exercises its powers only as, an agent of the Crown. Limits on the LHIN's ability to undertake certain activities are set out in the Act.

The LHIN spans the defined geographical areas of Dufferin County, the northern portion of Peel Region, part of York Region, and a small part of the City of Toronto.

The mandate of the LHIN is as follows:

(a) Plan, fund and integrate the local health system within its geographic area

The LHIN allows for local communities and health care providers within the geographical area to work together to identify local priorities, plan health services and deliver them in a more coordinated fashion. The LHIN enters into service accountability agreements with health service providers.

The LHIN has also entered into an accountability agreement with the Ministry of Health ("MOH"), which provides the framework for LHIN accountabilities and activities.

All funding payments to LHIN managed Health Service Providers are flowed through the LHIN's financial statements. Funding payments authorized by the LHIN to Health Service Providers, are recorded in the LHIN's Financial Statements as revenue from the MOH and as transfer payment expenses to Health Service Providers.

(b) The delivery of home and community care services within its geographic area.

These services include health and related social services, medical supplies and equipment for the care of persons in home and community settings and to provide goods and services to assist caregivers in the provision of care for such persons, to manage the placement of persons into long-term care homes, supportive housing programs, chronic care and rehabilitation beds in hospitals, and to provide information to the public about, and make referrals to, health and social services.

2. Significant accounting policies

The financial statements of the LHIN are the representations of management, prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards including the 4200 series for government not-for-profit organizations, as issued by the Public Sector Accounting Board. Significant accounting policies adopted by the LHIN are as follows:

Revenue recognition

The LHIN follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Contributions from the MOH represent externally restricted contributions which must be spent within the fiscal year provided. Unspent contributions from the MOH are set up as repayable to the MOH at the end of the year. Unrestricted contributions are recognized when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Central West Local Health Integration Network

Notes to the financial statements

March 31, 2020

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Ministry of Health Funding

The LHIN is funded by the Province of Ontario in accordance with the Ministry-LHIN Accountability Agreement ("MLAA"), which describes budgetary arrangements established by the MOH. The Financial Statements reflect funding approved by the MOH to support LHIN managed Health Services Providers and the operations of the LHIN. The LHIN cannot authorize payments in excess of the budgetary allocation set by the MOH in the MLAA. Due to the nature of the Accountability Agreement, the LHIN is economically dependent on the MOH.

Transfer payment amounts to Health Service Providers are based on the terms of the Health Service Provider Accountability Agreements with the LHIN, including any amendments made throughout the year. During the year, the LHIN authorizes the transfer of cash to the Health Service Providers. The cash associated with the transfer payment flows directly from the MOH to the Health Service Provider and does not flow through the LHIN bank account.

LHIN Financial Statements includes only transfer payment funds and LHIN operating funds included in the Ministry-LHIN Accountability Agreement.

Capital assets

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost. Repairs and maintenance costs are charged to expense. Betterments, which extend the estimated life of an asset, are capitalized

Capital assets are amortized on a straight-line basis based on their estimated useful life as follows:

Furniture and equipment	3-10 years
Computer and communications equipment	3 years
Medical equipment	4 years
Leasehold improvements	Over the term of the lease

For assets acquired or brought into use, during the year, amortization is provided for one half of a year.

Deferred capital contributions

Contributions received for the purchase of capital assets are deferred and are amortized to income at the same rate as the corresponding capital asset.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortized cost, with the exception of cash that is measured at fair value. Financial instruments measured at amortized cost are initially recognized at cost, and subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method, less any impairment losses on financial assets. Transaction costs related to financial instruments in the amortized cost category are added to the carrying value of the instrument.

Write-downs on financial assets in the amortized cost category are recognized when the amount of a loss is known with sufficient precision, and there is no realistic prospect of recovery. Financial assets are then written down to net recoverable value with the write-down being recognized in the Statement of operations and changes in net assets.

Central West Local Health Integration Network

Notes to the financial statements

March 31, 2020

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates include depreciation rates for capital assets and certain accruals. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

3. Amounts Due to the MOH

In accordance with the MLAA, the LHIN is required to be in a balanced position at year end and funding received from the MOH in excess of expenses incurred, is required to be returned to the MOH. All interest income earned by the LHIN is payable to the MOH.

The amount due to the MOH at March 31 is made up as follows:

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Due to MOH, beginning of year	2,679,738	2,115,340
Funding repaid to MOH	—	(282,332)
Interest income earned and payable to MOH	311,433	302,704
Funding repayable to MOH related to current year activities	1,310,814	534,380
Funding repayable to MOH related to current year ETI PMO Cluster activities	—	9,646
Due to MOH, end of year	4,301,985	2,679,738

4. Enabling technologies for integration project management office

Effective April 1, 2013, the LHIN entered into an agreement with Central East, Mississauga Halton and North Simcoe Muskoka (the "Cluster") in order to enable the effective and efficient delivery of e-health programs and initiatives within the geographic area of the Cluster. Under the agreement, decisions related to the financial and operating activities of the Enabling Technologies for Integration Project Management Office are shared. No LHIN is in a position to exercise unilateral control.

The Central West LHIN is designated the Lead LHIN with this agreement and as such holds the accountability over the distribution of the funds and manages the shared Project Management Office. In the event that the Cluster experiences a surplus, the Lead LHIN is responsible for returning those funds to the MOH. The total Cluster funding received for the year ended March 31, 2020 was \$1,020,000 (\$2,040,000 in 2019).

Funding of \$312,714 (\$985,792 in 2019) was allocated to other LHIN's within the cluster who incurred eligible expenses of \$312,714 (\$985,792 in 2019).

Central West Local Health Integration Network

Notes to the financial statements

March 31, 2020

4. Enabling technologies for integration project management office (continued)

The following provides condensed financial information for the ETI PMO funding and expenses for the cluster:

	Funding allocated	Eligible expenses	2020 Excess funding	2019 Excess funding
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Central West LHIN	707,286	707,286	—	9,646
Allocation to Other LHINs				
Central East LHIN	104,238	104,238	—	—
Mississauga Halton LHIN	104,238	104,238	—	—
North Simcoe Muskoka LHIN	104,238	104,238	—	—
Total Other LHINs	312,714	312,714	—	—
Total All LHINs	1,020,000	1,020,000	—	9,646

5. Related party transactions

Health Shared Services Ontario ("HSSO")

HSSO was a provincial agency established January 1, 2017 by O. Reg. 456/16 made under the *Local Health System Integration Act, 2006* with objects to provide shared services to LHINs in areas that include human resources management, logistics, finance and administration and procurement. HSSO as a provincial agency was subject to legislation, policies and directives of the Government of Ontario and the Memorandum of Understanding between HSSO and the Minister of Health and Long-Term Care.

During the year, the LHIN received Business Technology Infrastructure (BTI) funding from HSSO/Ontario Health of \$190,110 (\$215,059 in 2019).

On December 2, 2019 the assets, liabilities, rights and obligations of HSSO were transferred to Ontario Health who continued to provide the shared services to the LHIN.

Ontario Health

Ontario Health is a Crown Agency established under the Connecting Care Act, 2019 and is a related party to the LHIN through the common control of the Province of Ontario (see Note 16).

On December 2, 2019, the LHIN signed a Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") with Ontario Health and certain non-home and community care employees of the LHIN were transferred to Ontario Health. Under the MOU, for the period of December 2, 2019 to March 31, 2020, the LHIN continued to provide compensation and benefits to transferred employees.

During this period, the LHIN incurred \$628,285 in salaries and benefits expense for the transferred employees, of which \$nil remained in accounts payable and accrued charges as at March 31, 2020. All amounts were recorded at cost in the Statement of operations and changes in net assets and the Statement of financial position.

On December 2, 2019 the assets, liabilities, rights and obligations of HSSO were transferred to Ontario Health.

Central West Local Health Integration Network

Notes to the financial statements

March 31, 2020

6. Capital assets

	Cost \$	Accumulated depreciation \$	2020 Net book value \$	2019 Net book value \$
Furniture and equipment	2,618,232	(2,307,438)	310,794	394,780
Computer equipment	300,302	(285,595)	14,707	—
Medical equipment	354,322	(169,683)	184,639	300,757
Leasehold improvements	2,397,984	(2,397,984)	—	88,953
	5,670,840	(5,160,700)	510,140	784,490

7. Deferred operating contributions

Deferred operating contributions represent the unamortized amount of grants and other contributions received to fund expenditures of future periods. BTI equipment leases represent the unamortized amount of grants received from Health Shared Services Ontario for the payment of computer leases under the Base Technology Infrastructure Project.

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Balance, beginning of year	112,002	118,339
Operating contributions received during the year	164,801	208,722
Amount recognized as revenue in the year	(190,110)	(215,059)
Balance, end of year	86,693	112,002

8. Deferred capital contributions

The changes in the deferred capital contributions balance are as follows:

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Balance, beginning of year	784,490	810,955
Capital contributions received during the year	30,398	246,873
Amortization for the year	(285,472)	(273,338)
Disposals	(19,276)	—
Balance, end of year	510,140	784,490

9. Commitments

The LHIN has commitments under various operating leases as follows extending to 2025 as follows:

	\$
2021	1,483,922
2022	1,249,584
2023	1,215,973
2024	1,203,731
2025	1,200,244

Central West Local Health Integration Network

Notes to the financial statements

March 31, 2020

10. Contingencies

The LHIN enters into accountability agreements with Health Service Providers which include planned funding targets. The actual funding provided by the LHIN is contingent on the MOH providing the funding.

The LHIN has been named as defendants in various claims. Management believes any liability resulting from these actions would be adequately covered by existing liability insurance.

11. Change in non-cash working capital items

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Due from MOH	1,062,733	(77,590)
Due from other LHINs - Enabling Technologies for Integration	—	20,346
Accounts receivable	536,388	(129,372)
Prepaid expenses	(183,454)	126,408
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(2,681,455)	1,223,377
Due to Health Services Providers ("HSPs")	1,699,180	(2,330,343)
Due to other LHINs	(228,802)	127,451
Due to MOH	1,622,247	564,398
Deferred operating contributions	(25,309)	(6,337)
	1,801,528	(481,662)

12. Pension plan

The LHIN contributes to the Healthcare of Ontario Pension Plan ("HOOPP"), which is a multi-employer plan, on behalf of approximately 380 members of its staff. The plan is a defined benefit plan, which specifies the amount of retirement benefit to be received by the employees, based on the length of service and rates of pay. The amount contributed to HOOPP for fiscal 2020 was \$2,697,062 (\$2,634,287 in 2019) for current service costs and is included as an expense in the 2020 Statement of operations and changes in net assets. The last actuarial valuation was completed for the plan as of December 31, 2019. At that time, the plan was fully funded.

Central West Local Health Integration Network

Notes to the financial statements

March 31, 2020

13. Transfer payment to HSPs

The LHIN has authorization to allocate funding of \$918,348,766 in 2020 to various HSPs in its geographic area. The LHIN approved transfer payments to various sectors as follows:

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Operations of hospitals	645,075,787	609,882,321
Grants to compensate for municipal taxation - public hospitals	96,975	96,975
Long-term care homes	180,544,914	177,101,783
Community support services	18,100,361	15,882,491
Assisted living services in supportive housing	11,959,405	11,190,366
Community health centres	14,367,170	14,064,935
Community mental health and addictions programs	48,204,154	43,976,527
	918,348,766	872,195,398

The LHIN receives funding from the MOH and in turn allocates it to the HSPs. As at March 31, 2020, an amount of \$1,780,511 (\$81,331 in 2019) was receivable from the MOH, and was payable to HSPs. These amounts have been reflected as revenue and expenses in the Statement of operations and changes in net assets and are included in the table above.

14. Financial risk

The LHIN through its exposure to financial assets and liabilities, has exposure to credit risk and liquidity risk as follows:

Credit risk relates to the potential that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and incur a financial loss. The maximum exposure to credit risk is the carrying value reported in the statement of financial position. Credit risk is mitigated through collection practices and the diverse nature of amounts with accounts receivable.

Liquidity risk is the risk that the LHIN will not be able to meet all cash flow obligations as they come due. The LHIN mitigates this risk by monitoring cash activities and expected outflows through extensive budgeting and cash flow analysis.

15. Guarantees

The LHIN is subject to the provisions of the Financial Administration Act. As a result, in the normal course of business, the LHIN may not enter into agreements that include indemnities in favor of third parties, except in accordance with the Financial Administration Act and the related Indemnification Directive.

An indemnity of the Chief Executive Officer was provided directly by the LHIN pursuant to the terms of the Local Health System Integration Act, 2006 and in accordance with s.28 of the Financial Administration Act.

Central West Local Health Integration Network

Notes to the financial statements

March 31, 2020

16. The Connecting Care Act

On May 30, 2019, the Connecting Care Act (the "CCA") was proclaimed with key sections of the Act, including the creation of a new Crown Agency called Ontario Health, effective June 6, 2019. This legislation is a key component of the government's plan to build an integrated health care system. The CCA grants the Minister of Health (the "Minister") the power to transfer assets, liabilities, rights, obligations and employees of certain government organizations, including the LHINs, into Ontario Health, a health service provider, or an integrated care delivery system. The CCA also grants the Minister the power to dissolve the transferred organizations.

On March 8, 2019, the members of the board of directors of Ontario Health were appointed to also constitute the board of the LHIN. The board of directors of Ontario Health will oversee the process of transferring multiple provincial agencies into Ontario Health.

Effective December 2, 2019, pursuant to an order from the Minister made under the CCA, the LHIN transferred 12 non-home and community care employee positions to Ontario Health.

The transition process is ongoing and expected to occur over a number of years. A potential full transfer and dissolution date is currently unknown. In the meantime, the LHIN continues to operate as required under the Local Health System Integration Act, 2016 and in accordance with its accountability agreement with the Minister.

17. Corresponding figures

Certain corresponding figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.